



ДИРЕКТОРАТ
ЦИВИЛНОГ
ВАЗДУХОПЛОВСТВА
РЕПУБЛИКЕ СРБИЈЕ

ОПЕРАТИВНО ОБАВЕШТЕЊЕ		ОАМ Број: 8/2019 Датум издавања: 19.06.2019.
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Врста ваздушног саобраћаја на које се примењује ОАМ:

јавни авио-превоз посебне делатности из ваздуха некомерцијално летење

Поштовани,

У прилогу достављамо документ који је Директорату цивилног ваздухопловства Републике Србије доставила Европска агенција за ваздухопловну безбедност (EASA) са препорукама у вези поштовања поднетих планова лета. С тим у вези, потребно је да се упознате са препорукама које су наведене у достављеном документу, а тичу се оператера.

потребно да проучите и примените, односно поступите са наведеним препорукама.

С поштовањем,

Директорат цивилног ваздухопловства РС
Одељење саобраћајне делатности

Patrick Ky
Executive Director
EASA

Eamonn BRENNAN
Director General
EUROCONTROL

Director Generals of Civil Aviation

Members of EASA Management Board

17 June 2019

Subject: Adherence to filed Flight Plans

via e-mail only

Dear Director Generals and EASA Management Board members,

In its role of regulatory oversight of the European ATM Network, the European Union Aviation Safety Agency presented to its Management Board a set of recommendations to ensure the highest levels of safety and environmental efficiency in the context of the Summer 2019 capacity issues.

One of the recommendations stipulates that: *“EASA, Network Manager and national competent authorities should ensure that aircraft operators and ANSPs are duly informed about importance to adhere to filed flight plans unless there are safety reasons”*. In this context, EASA, supported by the EUROCONTROL Network Manager, prepared a **“Note to aircraft operators and air traffic services”**, which explains the importance of filed flight plan adherence.

The Note, in appendix to this letter, contains all necessary explanations and justifications for the operators, including references to applicable EU regulatory requirements and a safety promotion material developed by the EUROCONTROL Network Manager for this purpose.

We want to underline the absolute necessity of strict adherence to flight plans, which form the basis of the ATFM measures conceived by the EUROCONTROL Network Manager to minimise delays and protect sectors from overload. Non respect of flight plans may create safety issues in downstream Air Traffic Control sectors.

The capacity measures implemented for this summer will be successful only if all actors are made aware of agreed principles and will adhere to them. Therefore, **the EUROCONTROL Network Manager agreed to monitor systematically non-adherences to filed flight plans and to report them to EASA.**

We urge you to ensure that aircraft operators and air navigation service providers under your oversight are made aware of the Note and implement its content.

Please note that this information has already been distributed to:

- 650 third country operators from more than 110 countries who perform commercial air transport operations into the EU and which are authorised by EASA in accordance with the Commission Regulation (EU) No. 452/2014;
- 32 National Standardisation Coordinators of EASA Member States and additional 12 ECAC Members States standardisation contact persons nominated in accordance with the Commission Regulation (EU) No. 628/2013.



We count on your continuous support in this important task and look forward to even closer collaboration in preparation for the measures for summer 2020.

Yours sincerely,



Patrick KY



Eamonn BRENNAN



Note for the attention of Aircraft Operators and Air Traffic Services (ATS)

Subject: Adherence to Filed Flight Plans in European Airspace

In 2018, a total of 11 million flights have taken place throughout Europe, representing an increase of 3.7% compared to 2017. Similar growth is expected in the years ahead. Against this growth, Europe is now experiencing airspace capacity issues, which are causing a significant rise in en-route air traffic delays for civil operators and flight cancellations, especially during the summer peak period.

The EUROCONTROL Network Manager has already taken a certain number of actions in particular with ATS providers, which will start taking effect for the Summer 2019. While it is clear that the main purpose of airspace capacity restrictions is to protect safe provision of ATS, a successful and safe outcome of the measures strongly depends on the adherence to filed flight plans by ATS and by aircraft operators.

There can be a strong incentives for pilots to try to recover delays or save costs by choosing another route or lower/higher altitude. However, if too many flights do this, the entire network planning is at risk, thus resulting in further delays in the whole system including airports and potentially also in increased safety risks.

KEY POINT

It is important that aircraft operators and ATS adhere to filed flight plans unless there are safety reasons.

Some important considerations:

- The filed flight plan is accepted by the EUROCONTROL Network Manager based on the predicted trajectory which takes into account number of constraints, including safe airspace capacity along the route flown.
- There is no formal requirement in European airspace to adhere to filed flight plans and changes to the filed flight plan can be initiated by either the ATS unit or the pilot.

- Approved change to the flight plan is transposed to ATC clearance which is then reflected in the current flight plan.
- ***The change however does not take into account all effects and the possible constraints along the new trajectory and thus may cause sector overloads or other problems in subsequent sectors that are outside of visibility of both pilot and current ATC unit.***
- ***Adherence to the filed flight plan is of great importance to keep the existing European network system safe and predictable.***
- To better understand the importance of adherence to filed flight plans this summer, take a look at this Skybrary [Safety Promotion video](#) on the subject of Unexpected Traffic in the Sector.

RELEVANT REGULATORY REFERENCES

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING [REGULATION \(EU\) No 923/2012](#) laying down the common rules of the air and operational provisions regarding services and procedures in air navigation, in particular¹:

- Article 2 Definitions:
 - (79) **'flight plan'** means specified information provided to air traffic services units, relative to an intended flight or portion of a flight of an aircraft
 - (73) **'filed flight plan (FPL)'** means the flight plan as filed with an ATS unit by the pilot or a designated representative, without any subsequent changes
 - (64) **'current flight plan (CPL)'** means the flight plan, including changes, if any, brought about by subsequent clearances
 - (109) **'repetitive flight plan'** means a flight plan related to a series of frequently recurring, regularly operated individual flights with identical basic features, submitted by an operator for retention and repetitive use by ATS units;
- ANNEX: Section 4
SERA.4015 Changes to a flight plan
- ANNEX: Section 8
SERA.8020 Adherence to flight plan

Article 6(5) of the COMMISSION [REGULATION \(EU\) No 255/2010](#) laying down common rules on air traffic flow management:

- Article 6(5):
General obligations of ATS units

¹ See also [EASA Easy Access Rules for Standardised European Rules of the Air \(SERA\)](#)

